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# THE Vegetable

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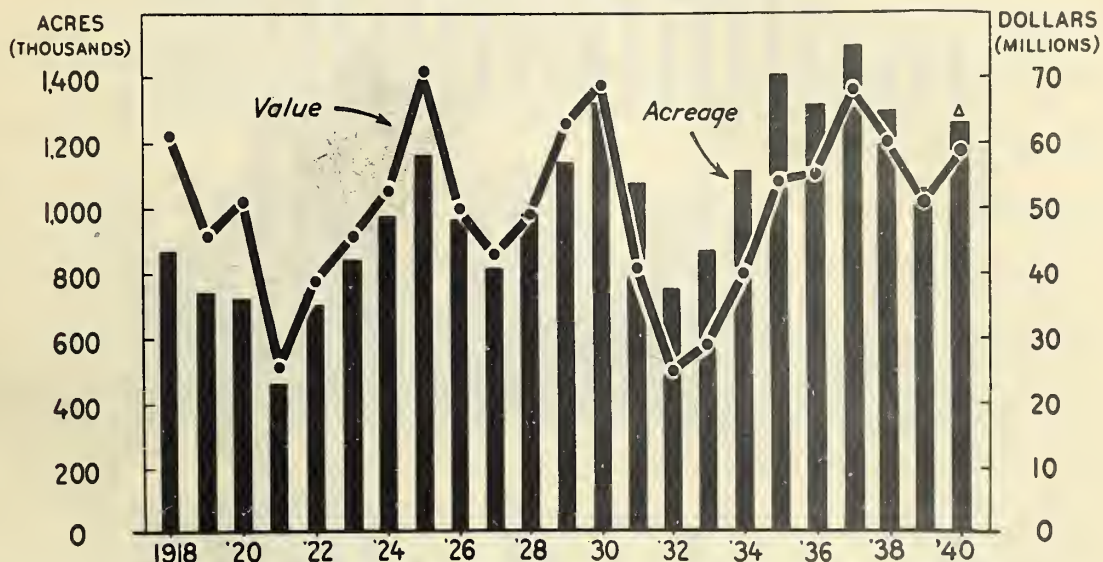
BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS  
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

TVS-49

BAE

JANUARY 1941

### 8 Commercial Truck Crops for Manufacture: Acreage and Value, U.S., 1918-40\*



\* ASPARAGUS, SNAP BEANS, CABBAGE FOR KRAUT, SWEET CORN, CUCUMBERS  
FOR PICKLES, GREEN PEAS, SPINACH, AND TOMATOES

△ PRELIMINARY

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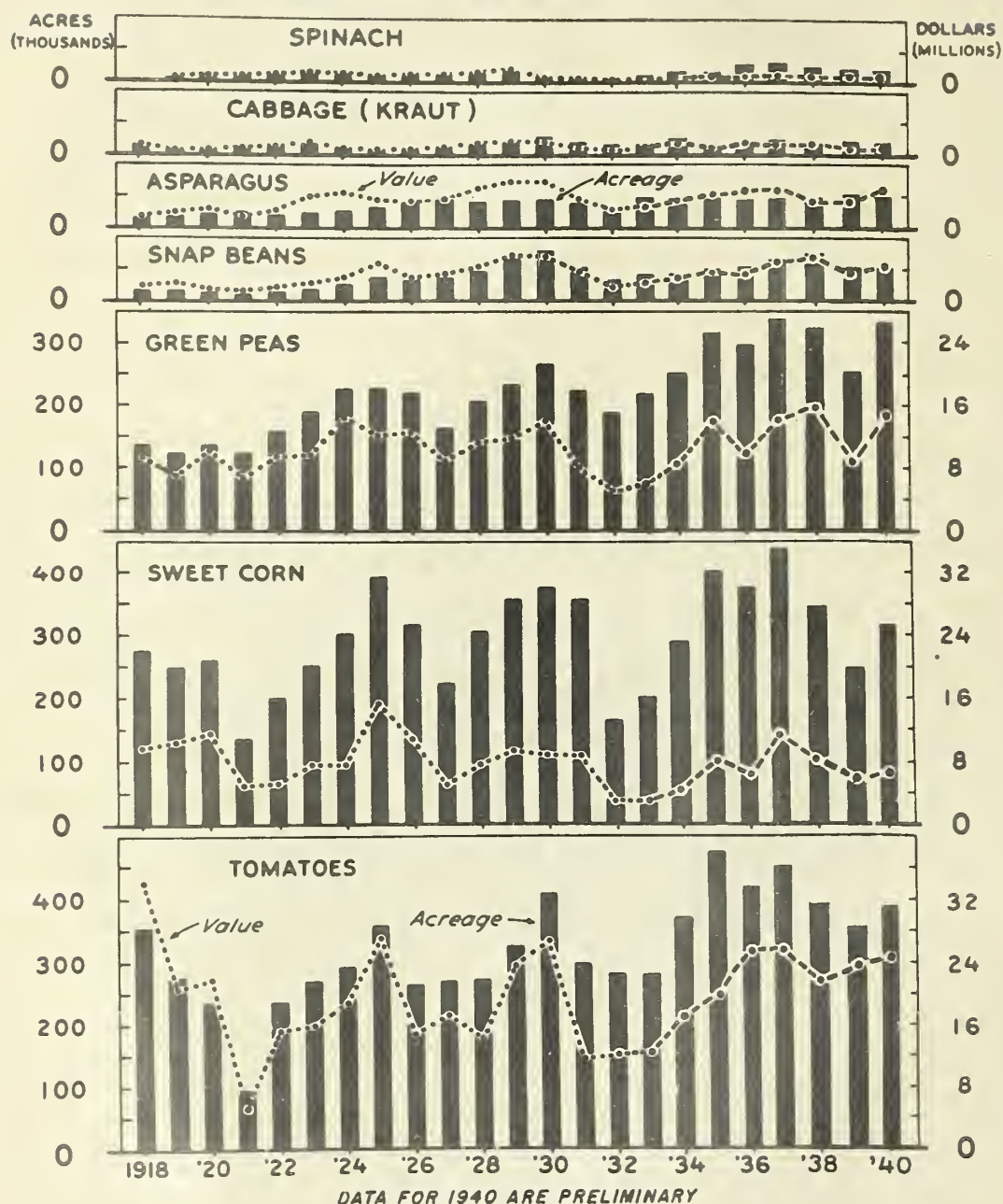
NEG. 26468-B BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS

THE TOTAL VALUE OF COMMERCIAL TRUCK CROPS FOR MANUFACTURE IS CLOSELY ASSOCIATED WITH THE ACREAGE PLANTED TO THESE CROPS. IN NORMAL TIMES, PRICES AND YIELDS OF THESE CROPS DO NOT FLUCTUATE WIDELY. SINCE 1930, HOWEVER, PRICES HAVE DECLINED TO A LOWER LEVEL AND TOTAL VALUE ALSO HAS BEEN ON A LOWER LEVEL RELATIVE TO ACREAGE.

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## 7 Commercial Truck Crops for Manufacture: Acreage and Value, U. S., 1918-40



U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

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FIGURE 1 TOMATOES, SWEET CORN, AND GREEN PEAS ARE THE MORE IMPORTANT TRUCK CROPS FOR MANUFACTURING PURPOSES. IN MOST YEARS SINCE 1918 THE TOTAL VALUE OF THESE CROPS HAS BEEN CLOSELY ASSOCIATED WITH CHANGES IN THE HARVESTED ACREAGE.

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T H E V E G E T A B L E S I T U A T I O N  
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Summary

Supplies of potatoes and truck crops for market during the first half of 1941 are expected to be larger than those of a year earlier, and the effect of the larger supplies on market prices probably will more than offset the influence of increasing purchasing power. The supply of sweetpotatoes, however, probably will be smaller than a year earlier, and sweetpotato prices are likely to rise more than seasonally during the next 6 months.

Stocks of 1940 late crop potatoes on January 1 were unusually large - 14 percent larger than those of a year earlier. Early crops probably will be increased somewhat this season and will add to the already burdensome market supply. Thus, unless yields are unusually low this season, potatoes probably will continue in a difficult market situation for the next several months.

Although weather conditions during January in the winter vegetable-producing areas of the South and in California were unfavorable, acreages have been increased this season over last and, barring severe weather losses, market supplies are expected to be considerably above the relatively short supplies in early 1940. Larger stocks of old crop cabbage but slightly smaller stocks of old crop onions were available on January 1 than a year earlier. Market prices of truck crops in general have risen in recent weeks, partly because of a temporary shortage in market supplies and partly because of seasonal factors. In late January they averaged generally slightly higher than in late January 1940. The prospect, however, during February, March and April is that they will not average as high as in the corresponding period a year earlier, unless a severe freeze reduces supplies as it did in early 1940.

The outlook for truck crops for processing is for increased plantings and slightly higher grower prices and income in 1941 than in 1940. Analyses of supply and demand conditions indicate that larger acreages will be needed in 1941 than were planted in 1940 in order to provide for prospective consumption requirements. It is probable that the total planted acreage of all important truck crops for processing will have to be increased by about 20 percent. The relatively large supplies of seasonal canned vegetables available in the 1940 season are rapidly being moved into consumption, and the carry-over into the 1941 season is expected to be about normal. Hence, with further increases in demand in prospect, it is likely that larger packs will be needed in 1941.

-- January 30, 1941

#### POTATOES

The quantity of 1940 crop potatoes in the hands of growers and local dealers on January 1 is indicated to total 119 million bushels, or 14 percent more than the 104 million bushels (revised) on hand a year earlier. The supply available in the eastern late and intermediate States totals 46.4 million bushels, or 6.2 million more than a year earlier; that in the 14 Central States is 31.9 million bushels, or 0.5 million bushels more; and that in the Western States is 40.2 million bushels, or 7.4 million larger than a year earlier.

These larger stocks for the country as a whole, together with a slight increase in the prospective crop of early potatoes, indicate that the total supply of both old and new potatoes for the first 6 months of 1941 probably will be somewhat larger than that available last season. Consumer purchasing power is now higher than a year earlier and is expected to continue so during the first half of 1941, but it probably will not be enough higher to offset the depressing influence of the increased supplies on prices. Thus, potato prices may continue to average below those of a year earlier during most of the first half of 1941.

#### 1941 early acreage increased slightly

The acreage planted and to be planted to potatoes in fall, early, and second early States totals 202,400 acres this season, compared with 196,600 acres planted in 1940. There were slight increases in north Florida, Alabama, California, Louisiana, Texas (other), and Tennessee but slight decreases in the fall and winter crops in Florida and Texas, and in Arkansas. Even with the increased acreage, average yields this season would result in a smaller

production than that of last year, since yields last year were considerably above average. During recent years, however, a considerable shifting to higher yielding varieties has taken place and as a result yields this season may be higher than average. It is probable, therefore, that the supply of new potatoes available during the next several months will be somewhat larger than in the corresponding period of 1940. Any increase in production will add to the difficulties now being experienced by late potato growers who are holding 1940 crop potatoes in storage.

#### TRUCK CROPS

The acreage of truck crops planted and to be planted as reported to January 1 totals 500,110 acres, compared with 440,470 acres of these same crops harvested last year. Major increases in acreage indications in these fall, winter, and early spring crops occurred in fall and early snap beans, early beets, early carrots, fall cauliflower, early lettuce, early onions, and fall and early tomatoes. Many of these crops suffered severe damage by freeze and other unfavorable weather conditions last season, and some of the increases are merely adjustments to normal acreage levels. It is indicated, however, that the long-time trend of acreage expansion in these winter crops is continuing.

Production estimates as of January 1 indicate larger market supplies this season than last for early snap beans, early beets, early carrots, early lettuce, and early spinach, while plantings to date indicate larger supplies of early onions and tomatoes. Small decreases are indicated for early cabbage, early celery, and spring shallots.

Unfavorable weather conditions in Florida and Texas during January, however, caused considerable damage to growing truck crops and may change the supply situation for some of the crops listed above. Heavy rains in the Everglades region of Florida flooded fields and caused considerable damage to celery, lettuce, snap beans, cabbage, and green peas. There was some damage to beans, peppers, and tomatoes in the lower east coast section. In Texas, a generally heavy frost was reported the morning of January 9. Beet tops and green peas were damaged to some extent, and the remaining acreages of snap beans, eggplant, peppers, and squash were a complete loss. Advanced spring tomato plants also were damaged. Considerable rain in California during the early part of the month interrupted harvesting and marketing operations and lowered the quality of the produce somewhat.

Because of these unfavorable conditions, market supplies of truck crops in recent weeks have been smaller than normal and prices have advanced, probably more than seasonally. During late January the market price of many items was higher than the level prevailing just prior to the freeze a year earlier. It is probable, however, that prices will not show the sharp advance that occurred last year after the full effect of the freeze became apparent. In general, truck crop prices are expected to average lower during the first half of 1941 than in the corresponding period a year earlier.



Cabbage

Stocks of 1940 crop Danish type cabbage totaled 60,530 tons on January 1, 1941, compared with 41,700 tons on January 1, 1940 and 62,635 tons for the 10-year (1929-38) average of stocks on January 1. As compared with a year earlier, stocks were large in all of the important areas. Total stocks for the country as a whole were about 21 percent of production, an indication that marketings up to January 1 were about normal.

Production of cabbage in the early States is indicated to total 235,000 tons this season, or about 33,000 tons less than a year earlier. Recent reports indicate that the crop suffered considerable damage in Florida from heavy rains and in Texas from sand blowing. Also the quality of the harvest is not good. About 50 percent of the movement from Florida is being shipped by truck. Total marketings, however, in recent weeks have been smaller than a year earlier. The decrease in the supply of new cabbage more than offsets the increase in the carry-over of old stock, so that total market supplies for the next 2 months will be smaller than a year earlier. As a result of the changing supply situation, market prices have been rising in recent weeks, and in late January averaged slightly higher than a year ago.

Marketings from the second early States are usually the principal source of supply in April and May, and early reports indicate that the prospective acreage to be planted in this area this season is slightly smaller than that planted last year. Yields per acre in 1940, however, were below average and resulted in only about an average production. Average yields this season on the prospective acreage would result in a slightly larger supply than in 1940.

Onions

Stocks of 1940 crop onions totaled 3.9 million bags (100 pounds) on January 1, 1941, compared with 4.1 million a year earlier and 3.2 million bags for the 10-year (1929-38) average stocks on January 1. Stocks this year in the Eastern and Central States, consisting mostly of yellow varieties, are larger than those of a year earlier, but those in the Western States, consisting mostly of sweet Spanish, are substantially smaller. For the country as a whole current stocks are about 32 percent of production, an indication that marketings up to January 1 were about normal for the size of the crop. Of the total disappearance to January 1 of 8.3 million bags of late crop onions, 2.6 million were shipped by rail and boat, 4.2 million were shipped by motortruck, and 1.5 million bags were lost through shrinkage and waste.

The preliminary estimate of the early onion acreage for harvest in 1941 totals 51,650 acres, or about 69 percent more than was harvested in 1940. This acreage, however, is only slightly larger than the recent 10-year average. If average yields on this acreage are obtained, the new early crop will total 2.2 million bags, or about 900,000 bags more than the small crop produced in 1940. With stocks of old onions only slightly below those of a year earlier and the new crop substantially larger, the total supply of onions for the first half of 1941 is likely to be considerably larger than in the first half of 1940. It is probable, therefore, that market prices this spring will average much below the high levels prevailing last season. Recent prices of old stock were slightly below those of a year earlier for the yellow varieties but higher for the sweet Spanish.



## THE 1941 OUTLOOK FOR TRUCK CROPS FOR PROCESSING

The pack of important seasonal canned vegetables totaled 112.5 million cases in 1940 as compared with 94.8 million in 1939. The increase in the pack more than offset a sharp decrease in the carry-over of these items and resulted in a total supply for the 1940 season of 123.9 million cases - about 2.8 million more than the supply in 1939. Most of the increase in the pack occurred in canned peas, tomatoes, and tomato juice, and was more the result of high yields per acre than of increased plantings. There were moderate increases in the pack of asparagus, snap beans, and sweet corn.

Partly because of the large supply available and partly because of an increase in consumer purchasing power, shipments of these seasonal canned vegetables from the beginning of the season to January 1 were unusually heavy, and it appears that they will continue large during the remainder of the marketing season. Hence, it is probable that, despite the large supply, carry-overs at the beginning of the 1941 season will not be much larger than normal. It is also probable that, as a result of the improving demand conditions, still larger packs will be needed in 1941. This means that plantings of most of the processing truck crops probably will be increased materially this spring.

In the past when plantings were increased, prices and incomes to growers were also increased. Since most of these crops are grown under contracts made prior to planting time, it is usually necessary to advance prices somewhat in order to secure the increased acreage.

In 1940 the planted acreage of eleven of the important truck crops for processing totaled about 1,389,000 acres compared with 1,175,000 acres in 1939. It now appears that total plantings in 1941 will be increased by one-fifth over those of 1940. Analyses of supply and demand conditions, both current and prospective, indicate that increases of 35 percent in snap beans, 10 percent in sweet corn, 25 percent in peas, and 25 percent in tomatoes will be required. Similarly, increases in most of the other crops appear to be needed to meet 1941-42 requirements.

Snap beans for processing

A pack of 9.7 million cases (24 No. 2's) of snap beans plus a carry-over of 500,000 cases made a total supply of 10.2 million cases for the 1940 marketing season begun about August 1, 1940. This supply was about the same as that of the 1939 season but was one million cases larger than the 5-year (1935-39) average of 9.2 million. It was only 500,000 cases larger than the 1939 disappearance of 9.7 million cases, but 1.5 million larger than the 1935-39 average disappearance.

Stocks in canners' warehouses on January 1 of 3.9 million cases, (600,000 less than a year earlier) indicate that shipments during the first 5 months of the 1940 marketing season were about 500,000 cases or 9 percent larger than during the corresponding period of the 1939 season. If shipments during the remainder of the season are as large as those during the same period a year earlier, the total for the year will about equal the supply available, and the carry-over into the 1941 season will be negligible. On

this assumption, therefore, all of next season's consumption will have to come from the 1941 pack. It is probable also that canners will deem it advisable to provide for at least a normal carry-over of 600,000 cases. In view of the fact that shipments during the current season have been increased at slightly higher prices than a year earlier, it appears that consumer demand for canned snap beans is increasing and probably will be stronger during the 1941 season than in the current season. Hence, in order to provide for an increased consumption and a normal carry-over, the pack of canned snap beans in 1941 probably should be increased to 11.7 million cases. This pack would require about 120,000 tons of snap beans.

A production of 120,000 tons would require 81,000 acres of snap beans if yields are equal to the average of the last 10 years of 1.48 tons per acre, or 72,000 acres if yields are equal to the 5-year (1935-39) average of 1.67 tons. In addition, about 3,000 acres are needed for the quick freezing industry. Thus a total harvested acreage of 84,000 or 75,000 acres is indicated, depending on which yield figure is used. After allowing for normal abandonment of 5.5 percent, the planted acreage indications are 89,000 and 79,000 acres respectively. In 1940 the planted acreage totaled 58,640 acres. Hence, an increase in plantings of 52 or 35 percent respectively is indicated for 1941, depending upon the average yield assumed.

#### Sweet corn

The 1940 pack of canned sweet corn totaled 15.5 million cases (24 No. 2 cans), or about one million cases more than the relatively small pack in 1939, but about 3.5 million cases less than the 1935-39 average pack. This pack, together with a carry-over of 2.9 million cases, made a total supply for the 1940-41 marketing season of 18.4 million cases, or about 3.5 million cases less than in 1939-40 and 3.3 million less than the recent 5-year average. The supply was about equal to the average disappearance of recent years, but was less than the total disappearance in the 1935, 1937, and 1939 seasons.

Stocks of canned corn held by canners on January 1, 1941 totaled 9.9 million cases (all sizes), compared with 12.4 million a year earlier. Shipments during the first 5 months of the 1940 marketing season totaled 9.3 million cases, or about 9 percent less than in the corresponding period of the previous season. If shipments during the remainder of the 1940 marketing season continue at the same rate of about 9 percent less than a year earlier, the carry-over at the beginning of the 1941 season will be about 1.2 million cases (all sizes). This would be about 1.6 million less than the recent 5-year average of 2.8 million cases.

With the prospect that the carry-over of canned corn into the 1941 season will be somewhat below normal, it is indicated that all of next season's consumption will have to come from the 1941 pack. If consumption in the 1941 season is equal to the average of the last 5 years, the pack would have to total at least 18.4 million cases. It is probable, however, that as a result of increasing consumer purchasing power during the next 18 months, the demand for canned sweet corn will be somewhat stronger than the average of recent years. Also, it is likely that canners will deem it advisable to maintain a larger carry-over stock than is in prospect for 1941.



In this case a pack in 1941 of about 21 million cases (24 No. 2 cans) would be needed. Such a pack would provide about 19 to 20 million cases for consumption in the 1941 season and from 1 to 2 million cases to be added to the carry-over stock.

In order to pack the equivalent of 21 million cases in 1941, a production of 840,000 tons of sweet corn would be necessary. This production estimate is based on the assumption of a normal pack out of about 25 cases of 24 No. 2's per ton. In 1940 the crop, including a small quantity of sweet corn for quick freezing, totaled 725,600 tons, as compared with 661,100 tons in 1939.

If yields equal to the recent 10-year average of 2.12 tons per acre are obtained in 1941, the indicated requirements could be produced on 396,000 acres. If, however, the yield per acre is as high as 2.25 tons, the average for the 1935-39 period, the harvested acreage could be 373,000 acres. To these acreages should be added about 4,000 acres for the production of sweet corn for quick freezing. Then, in order to allow for normal abandonment of about 6 percent, the planted acreage would need to be about 425,000 if the lower yield is obtained and about 393,000 if the higher yield is obtained. Yields similar to those of 1939 (2.66 tons per acre) would require only 316,000 acres for canning and a total planted acreage of 340,000 acres.

It is evident that yields have been rising during recent years, largely because of the expansion in the use of hybrid seed corn. Even in the absence of optimum weather conditions in 1940, a yield of 2.32 tons per acre was obtained, which was slightly above the 1935-39 average, and it is not improbable that a higher yield may be obtained in 1941 than in 1940. This would lead to the conclusion that perhaps a 10-percent increase in plantings would be sufficient to meet all requirements. The total planted acreage then would be 359,000 acres and, after adjustments for normal abandonment and quick freezing requirements, would require a yield of 2.52 tons per acre to produce the tonnage needed for a pack of 21 million cases.

These indications are not estimates of probable plantings, but are statistical interpretations of what the present situation and prospects suggest as to requirements based upon yields during recent years.

#### Green peas for processing

With a pack of 25.1 million cases (24 No. 2 cans) and a carry-over of 2.6 million cases (June 1), the supply of canned peas available for the 1940 marketing season totaled 27.7 million cases. This supply was about 4.2 million cases larger than that of the previous season and 2.8 million cases larger than the 5-year (1935-39) average. It was about 6.9 million cases larger than the average disappearance of canned peas during recent years. The large supply this season, as indicated above, was the direct result of a large pack in 1940, and, although increased plantings in 1940 indicated that canners planned to increase the pack to some extent, unusually high yields per acre added to the production of peas for canning and the pack was somewhat larger than canners intended it to be.



Stocks of canned peas in canners' warehouses totaled 11.6 million (actual cases) on January 1, 1941, or about 1.3 million more than were available a year earlier. This stocks figure indicates that shipments during the 7 months, June 1 to January 1, totaled 16.4 million cases, compared with 13.4 million cases shipped during the corresponding period a year earlier. If shipments during the remainder of the 1940 marketing season continue above a year earlier at about the same rate as in the first 7 months, a total of 25.8 million cases (actual) will be shipped during the season, and the carry-over into the 1941 season will total only 2.2 million cases. Shipments of this magnitude would set a record high level and would reduce the carry-over to a level somewhat below the average of 3.6 million cases. Such a movement is entirely possible since the large shipments to date this season are accounted for in part by increased consumer purchasing power, and the improvement over the previous season is expected to continue during 1941. It is probable, therefore, that a carry-over no larger than 3 million cases can be anticipated for 1941.

With the prospective carry-over of canned peas for 1941 somewhat below normal, all of next season's consumption will have to come from the 1941 pack. If consumption in the 1941 season is to be equal to the 1935-39 average, the pack would have to total at least 20.8 million cases (24 No. 2's). In the light of the probable total consumption in the current season of close to 25 million cases, however, it is likely that the demand for canned peas in the 1941 season will be for a greater than average quantity, possibly 25 million cases at a somewhat higher level of prices than are now prevailing. (Prices in recent months have been somewhat lower than in the corresponding period of the previous season). Thus, a pack of about 25 million cases appears to be needed for 1941.

In order to pack the equivalent of 25 million cases in 1941, a production of 270,000 tons of green peas would be necessary. In 1940 the crop, including about 35,000 tons of green peas for quick freezing, totaled 306,120 tons. Thus, the quantity produced for canning was about 271,000 tons or about the same as that expected to be needed for canning in 1941. It is probable, however, that an increased quantity of green peas will be needed for quick freezing in 1941, possibly a total of 45,000 tons. Thus a total crop of about 315,000 tons appears to be necessary to provide for all requirements of the processing industry.

Such a crop could be produced on 415,000 acres if yields are equal to the 10-year (1929-38) average of 1,518 pounds per acre or on 393,000 acres if yields are equal to the 5-year (1935-39) average of 1,603 pounds. If yields are as high as those in 1940, however, only 340,000 acres would be needed. To these acreage indications needs to be added an allowance for abandonment which in recent years averaged about 7.5 percent of the planted acreage. Hence, the planted acreage required for the packs indicated above would be 449,000, 425,000, and 368,000 acres depending on the probable yield assumed. These would compare with a total of 339,000 acres planted in 1940 when acreage abandonment was relatively small. It is probable, therefore, that the planted acreage in 1941 should be increased by 25 percent in order to provide for the nation's requirements.

Tomatoes

A combination of relatively high yields and a long season resulted in a large pack of tomatoes in 1940. The pack totaled about 29.1 million cases (24 No. 2 cans), or about 5 million cases more than in 1939 and 4.2 million more than the 5-year (1935-39) average. Stocks at the beginning of the 1940 season of 2.2 million cases were about average, and made a total supply of 31.3 million cases. This was about 4.3 million cases larger than the 1935-39 average, and about 4.6 million cases larger than the average disappearance of 26.7 million (including a little over 2 million cases of net imports).

The pack of canned tomato juice totaled 15.2 million cases (24 No. 2's) in 1940, or about 1.6 million more than that of 1939. With the carry-over at 1.5 million cases, about one-half of that a year earlier, the supply totaled 16.7 million cases or about the same as a year earlier. It was about 1.6 million cases above the 1939-40 disappearance of 15.0 million, and about 3.6 million larger than the 1935-39 average disappearance.

Not much information is available as yet concerning the pack of other tomato products except pulp, which was down slightly from that of the previous year. The three products discussed above, however, account for 60 percent of the total crop produced for processing and leave a balance for other products about 10 percent smaller than in 1939.

Stocks of canned tomatoes in canners' warehouses on January 1 totaled 13.3 million cases (all sizes), compared with 11.6 million a year earlier. Shipments this season to date were about 2 million cases larger (15 percent) than in the corresponding period of 1939. Since prices in the last half of 1940 averaged about the same as those of a year earlier, the heavier shipments reflect largely an improvement in demand for domestic canned tomatoes. Present prospects indicate that the improvement in demand probably will continue through 1941, and it is reasonable to assume that shipments of canned tomatoes will continue at a rate somewhat above those of early 1940. On this assumption, therefore, it is probable that shipments for the 1940 marketing season will total close to 27.8 million cases (24 No. 2's) and that the carry-over as of August 1, 1941 will be about 3.5 million cases. This carry-over would be somewhat larger than the recent 5-year average of 2.1 million and would provide at least an additional one million cases for 1941 consumption.

If total consumption in 1941 is to be at least as large as in 1940 (it probably will be somewhat larger because of an increase in consumer purchasing power in prospect), the 1941 pack of canned tomatoes would have to total about 27 million cases. It is probable that a slight reduction in the carry-over would provide for the increase in consumption over 1940, so that the pack in 1941 could be about 28 million cases (24 No. 2's) of canned tomatoes. This pack would require the production of 840,000 tons of tomatoes in 1941 compared with about 873,000 tons in 1939.

Since the consumption of canned tomato juice apparently is on the uptrend, it is likely that a larger quantity of tomatoes will be needed for juice production in 1941 than was used in 1940. This situation also holds

for the other tomato products. It is probable, therefore, that the tomato crop for processing in 1941 should total 2,165,000 tons in order to meet all requirements. This would be slightly larger than the 2,080,000 tons produced in 1939.

On the basis of 10-year average yields of 4.15 tons per acre, 2,165,000 tons could be produced on 522,000 acres, but on the basis of 5-year (1935-39) average yields of 4.53 tons, the tonnage could be produced on 478,000 acres. Yields in the last two seasons were unusually high, however, and if 1941 yields are again high, this tonnage could be produced on 394,000 acres. Allowing for normal abandonment of 6 percent, the respective planted acreage would be 555,000, 508,000 and 419,000 acres, depending upon the average yield assumed. In 1940, 396,570 acres were planted, so that the increase in 1941 indications are for 40, 28, and 6 percent respectively. It is probable, therefore, that a 25-percent increase in the planted acreage in 1941 would provide for all requirements.



Potatoes: Acreage, yield per acre and production, average 1930-39,  
annual 1940, indicated 1941 1/

Group and State	Acreage			Yield per acre			Production		
	Average:			Average:			Average:		
	1930-	1940	1941	1930-	1940	1941	1930-	1940	Indi-
	39			39			39		cated 1941
							1,000	1,000	1,000
	Acres	Acres	Acres	Bushels	Bushels	Bushels	bushels	bushels	bushels
Fall and winter									
Florida,									
south .....	7,300	11,200	11,000	117	90	150	920	1,008	1,650
Texas .....	2,700	2,600	2,300	47	50	40	117	130	92
Total ....	10,000	13,800	13,300	104	82	131	1,037	1,138	1,742
Early (1)			Intended						
Florida,									
north .....	18,600	14,400	15,400	106	209		1,978	3,012	
Hasting ..	15,800	12,000	13,000	107	220		1,667	2,640	
La Crosse:	2,100	1,600	1,600	112	170		235	272	
West .....	700	800	800	112	125		76	100	
Texas, Lower:									
Valley ....	8,800	7,900	7,200	85	82		729	648	
Total ....	27,400	22,300	22,600	99	164		2,707	3,660	
Early (2)									
Alabama ....	14,900	26,700	28,600	126	110		1,908	2,937	
California :	20,200	36,000	38,000	250	285		5,441	10,260	
Georgia ....	1,700	4,000	4,000	143	140		246	560	
Louisiana ..	23,800	22,000	23,000	73	68		1,741	1,496	
Mississippi:	2,600	3,000	3,000	91	60		229	180	
South Caro-									
lina .....	12,300	14,000	14,000	148	150		1,847	2,100	
Texas, other:	12,900	9,800	10,600	67	71		862	698	
Total ....	88,400	115,500	121,200	139	158		12,274	18,231	
Second early :									
Arkansas ..	5,100	4,100	3,900	87	100		443	410	
North Caro-									
lina .....	33,600	32,400	32,400	142	150		4,786	4,860	
Oklahoma ...	8,300	5,000	5,000	96	105		806	525	
Tennessee ..	2,350	3,500	4,000	84	110		200	385	
Total ....	49,350	45,000	45,300	126	137		6,235	6,180	
Intermediate :									
(1) .....	89,200	66,700	---	134	163		11,937	10,899	
Intermediate :									
(2) .....	42,200	53,800	---	178	185		7,511	9,972	
All States :	306,550	317,100	---	136	158		41,701	50,080	

Compiled from reports of the Agricultural Marketing Service.

1/ Fall and winter crop States supply earliest new-crop movement, starting in fall  
preceding year shown.

Potatoes: Unweighted price per 100 pounds for stock of generally good quality and condition (U. S. No. 1 when quoted) at shipping points and terminal markets, week ended January 25, 1941 with comparisons

Location and variety	Week ended						
	1940			1941			
	Jan.	Dec.		Jan.			
	27	21	28	4	11	18	25 1/
	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.
<u>F.o.b. shipping point</u>							
Waupaca, Wisconsin .....	1.11	.80	.78	.78	.76	.76	.75
Presque Isle, Maine .....	1.40	.71	.70	.69	.69	.69	.69
Idaho Points, Idaho .....	1.09	.81	.78	.75	.75	.75	.74
Rochester, New York .....	1.36	1.02	.96	.96	.96	.94	.97
Western Michigan points .....	1.30	.99	.96	.96	.95	.95	.95
Western Nebraska points .....	1.08	1.08	1.08	.98	.98	.95	.86
San Luis Valley, Colorado ...	.84	.63	.58	.54	.50	.50	.48
Fort Myers, Florida 2/ .....	---	---	---	---	---	2.50	2.50
Belle Glade, Florida 2/ .....	2.24	2.22	2.18	2.12	2.04	2.20	2.16
<u>Warehouse cash to grower</u>							
Waupaca, Wisconsin .....	.89	.59	.57	---	.53	.54	.51
Presque Isle, Maine .....	1.26	.52	.51	.51	.51	.51	.51
Idaho Points, Idaho .....	.76	.48	.47	.44	.44	.44	.41
Rochester, New York .....	1.06	.73	.70	.72	.70	.70	.68
<u>Terminal markets:</u>							
<u>New York City</u>							
Russet Burbanks, Idaho .....	2.25	1.97	1.98	1.97	1.95	1.95	1.99
Green Mountains, Maine .....	2.02	1.14	1.12	1.12	1.12	1.12	1.18
" " Long Island .....	2.04	1.02	1.02	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.08
Cobblers, Long Island .....	---	.83	.86	---	---	.92	---
Bliss Triumphs, Fla. 2/ .....	3.26	3.30	3.14	2.72	2.94	3.40	3.32
Long Whites, California 2/ .....	3.60	3.24	3.12	---	---	3.50	---
Excluding western stock .....	2.00	.98	1.00	1.02	1.02	1.03	1.09
<u>Chicago</u>							
Russet Burbanks, Idaho .....	1.89	1.53	1.54	1.52	1.53	1.52	1.55
Red McClures, Colorado .....	1.71	1.49	---	1.41	1.39	1.38	1.40
Bliss Triumphs, Nebraska ...	1.83	1.64	1.65	1.55	1.56	1.48	1.45
" " Minnesota							
and North Dakota 3/ .....	1.27	1.23	1.23	1.24	1.26	1.27	1.20
Early Ohios, Minnesota and							
North Dakota .....	1.21	.98	.96	1.00	.97	1.00	.98
Cobblers, Minnesota and							
North Dakota .....	1.30	1.00	.95	.99	1.01	1.01	.99
Katahdin, Wisconsin .....	1.43	---	1.22	1.18	1.21	1.18	1.11
Excluding western stock .....	1.32	1.01	.99	1.06	1.04	1.03	1.00
Bliss Triumphs, Fla. 2/ .....	3.62	---	3.82	3.60	3.18	2.94	3.40

Compiled from reports of the Agricultural Marketing Service.

1/ Preliminary.

2/ New stock, bushel price doubled.

3/ United States No. 1 and 85 percent.

Potatoes: Production, available for sale, and merchantable stocks  
on January 1, in 37 late and intermediate States, 1939-41

Area	Production		Available for sale: January 1 stocks			
	1939	1940	1939	1940	1940	1941
	1,000 bushels	1,000 bushels	1,000 bushels	1,000 bushels	1,000 bushels	1,000 bushels
7 intermediate States .....	27,617	36,207	17,538	24,245	1,182	1,573
4 Eastern .....	16,961	23,903	13,305	19,350	701	888
3 Central .....	10,656	12,304	4,233	4,895	481	685
18 surplus States .....	260,107	281,694	185,971	204,089	96,436	109,855
3 Eastern .....	86,497	95,458	65,841	72,976	36,841	42,454
5 Central .....	78,326	80,380	46,466	47,833	26,905	27,335
10 Western .....	95,284	105,856	73,664	83,280	32,690	40,066
12 other late States .....	39,938	41,381	20,621	21,056	6,772	7,127
5 Eastern .....	9,997	11,191	7,352	8,109	2,672	3,086
5 Central .....	29,241	29,434	12,699	12,343	3,968	3,892
2 Western .....	700	756	570	604	132	149
30 late States ..	300,045	323,075	206,592	225,145	103,208	116,982
37 late and inter- mediate States ..	327,662	359,282	224,130	249,390	104,390	118,555
12 Eastern States:	113,455	130,552	86,498	100,435	40,214	46,428
13 Central States:	118,223	122,118	63,398	65,071	31,354	31,912
12 Western States:	95,984	106,612	74,234	83,884	32,822	40,215

Compiled from reports of Agricultural Marketing Service.

Potatoes: Production, available for sale, and merchantable stocks  
on hand January 1 in 37 late and intermediate States, 1929-40

Crop of	Production		Sold		Date	1,000 bushels
	37 States 1/	(Season total)	37 States 2/	Jan. 1 stocks		
	1,000 bushels	1,000 bushels	1,000 bushels			
1929	304,194	203,738		Jan. 1, 1930		82,957
1930	309,191	207,695		Jan. 1, 1931		88,388
1931	344,723	223,679		Jan. 1, 1932		108,164
1932	348,148	220,540		Jan. 1, 1933		109,314
1933	313,749	210,617		Jan. 1, 1934		98,404
1934	369,454	234,700		Jan. 1, 1935		123,739
1935	352,581	226,535		Jan. 1, 1936		106,127
1936	305,888	213,561		Jan. 1, 1937		85,418
1937	357,158	245,408		Jan. 1, 1938		113,155
1938	336,709	224,326		Jan. 1, 1939		103,550
1939	327,662	224,130		Jan. 1, 1940		104,390
1940	359,282	249,390		Jan. 1, 1941		118,555

Compiled from reports of Agricultural Marketing Service.

1/ Includes the entire crop, commercial and noncommercial, and early and late in the 37 States.

2/ Includes sales from both early and late crops in the 37 States.



Truck crops: Commercial acreage, yield per acre and production, average 1930-39, annual 1940, and indicated 1941

Commodity	Acreage			Unit	Yield per acre			Production		
	Av.				Av.			Av.		
	1930-39	1940	1941		1930-39	1940	1941	1930-39	1940	1941
								Thou-	Thou-	Thou-
								sands	sands	sands
Artichokes	8,480	10,600	10,400	Box	106	80	100	889	848	1,040
Asparagus										
Early	82,010	90,140	89,500	Crate	87	85	---	7,109	7,729	---
Late	28,110	39,550	41,320	"	101	115	---	2,836	4,592	---
Beans, snap										
Fall	16,650	17,500	21,600	Bu.	99	94	121	1,642	1,638	2,621
Early (1)	22,780	17,000	26,500	"	89	70	90	1,942	1,130	2,385
Beets										
Early	6,080	6,400	7,800	"	140	120	130	848	768	1,014
Cabbage										
Fall	1,640	2,830	2,620	Tons	6.5	7.0	8.4	11	20	22
Early	41,350	49,650	48,300	"	5.3	5.4	4.9	220	268	235
Second early	20,760	24,300	23,250	"	5.0	4.3	---	103	104	---
Carrots										
Fall	6,460	9,800	9,800	Bu.	508	484	450	3,194	4,743	4,410
Early	9,970	10,700	12,750	"	171	190	189	1,706	2,035	2,407
Cauliflower										
Fall and winter	9,260	8,000	8,700	Crate	264	303	288	2,444	2,426	2,507
Celery										
Fall and winter	7,710	8,850	8,420	"	179	240	230	1,367	2,124	1,937
Early	6,910	8,350	8,750	"	324	375	357	2,241	3,134	3,124
Cucumbers										
Fall	1,600	1,800	1,800	Bu.	76	90	95	122	162	171
Eggplant										
Fall	1,380	1,450	1,600	"	155	121	121	214	176	194
Kale	1,630	900	1,100	"	372	270	400	572	243	440
Lettuce										
Early	43,190	33,450	41,350	Crate	119	171	149	5,154	5,727	6,167
Onions										
Early	51,200	30,600	51,650	Sacks	42	43	---	2,144	1,325	---
Peppers										
Fall	2,840	4,800	4,600	Bu.	166	150	142	472	720	653
Shallots										
Fall	3,000	2,700	2,400	"	97	120	108	291	324	259
Spring	2,550	2,000	1,900	"	116	136	116	291	272	220
Spinach										
Fall	2,460	2,400	3,000	"	257	250	300	674	600	900
Early	40,710	39,400	40,000	"	173	164	167	7,030	6,449	6,699
Tomatoes										
Fall	6,680	11,800	15,000	"	59	120	83	395	1,420	1,240
Early	13,470	5,500	16,000	"	129	170	---	1,764	935	---
Total above	438,880	440,470	500,110		---	---	---	---	---	---
Total excluding:										
crops having no:										
production es-										
timate for 1941:	243,330	250,380	278,390	Ton	3.87	4.58	4.19	941	1,147	1,167

Compiled from reports of the Agricultural Marketing Service.

1/ Intended.

Sweetpotatoes: Unweighted price per bushel for stock of generally good quality and condition (U. S. No.1 when quoted) at New York and Chicago, week ended January 25, 1941 with comparisons

Market and type	Week ended						
	1940			1941			
	Jan.	Dec.		Jan.			
	27	21	28	4	11	18	25
	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.
New York							
Goldens, Md. ....	.77	1.56	1.91	1.86	1.57	1.76	1.72
Jerseys, N. J. ....	1.02	1.58	1.83	1.74	1.63	1.67	1.77
" Va. ....	--	1.12	--	1.30	1.20	1.12	1.12
Puerto Ricans, Md. ....	.87	1.10	1.28	1.30	1.22	1.15	1.18
" " N. and S. C. ....	1.23	1.45	1.60	1.67	1.64	1.72	1.69
" " Va. ....	.76	1.12	1.16	1.21	1.18	--	1.15
All varieties .....	1.04	1.42	1.62	1.53	1.46	1.62	1.62
Chicago							
Puerto Ricans, Ark. ....	--	--	--	--	1.52	1.52	--
" " Ill. ....	--	1.60	1.67	1.68	1.58	1.62	1.66
" " La. ....	1.61	1.72	1.75	1.79	1.75	1.74	1.73
" " Tenn. ....	1.42	1.52	1.56	1.58	1.56	1.55	1.53
" " Tex. ....	--	1.88	1.80	1.86	1.80	1.79	1.76
Jerseys, Ind. ....	1.62	1.82	1.83	1.80	1.72	1.74	1.86
" N. J. 1/ ....	1.87	2.27	2.00	2.37	2.38	2.38	2.34
Nancy Halls, Ill. ....	1.89	1.50	1.46	1.58	1.52	1.47	1.52
" " Tenn. ....	1.40	1.29	1.31	1.32	1.29	1.28	1.30
All varieties .....	1.56	1.58	1.55	1.61	1.59	1.60	1.61

Compiled from reports of the Agricultural Marketing Service.

1/ Red soil stock.

Beans, dry edible: Average wholesale price per 100 pounds at New York City, and f.o.b. quotations per 100 pounds at Colorado and Idaho points, 1939-41

Period	Wholesale price New York City								F.o.b. quotations 1/			
	Marrow				Lima (regular)				Pea			
	Red Kidney				Pinto				Great Northern			
	1939	1940	1939	1940	1939	1940	1939	1940	1939	1940	1939	1940
Month	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.
Sept.	5.76	4.82	6.43	5.36	4.76	3.87	5.84	4.96	4.95	3.09	3.83	2.63
Oct.	5.02	5.15	6.35	5.22	3.84	3.85	5.32	5.55	4.18	2.75	3.28	2.64
Nov.	4.81	5.33	6.09	5.15	3.71	3.80	4.78	7.23	3.92	2.69	3.04	2.65
Dec.	4.63	5.79	5.97	5.15	3.77	3.65	4.86	7.36	4.04	2.71	2.90	2.58
Week												
Dec. 7	4.67	5.64	6.00	5.15	3.70	3.75	4.72	7.42	3.92	2.70	2.70	2.58
14	4.66	5.85	6.00	5.15	3.72	3.70	4.94	7.50	3.98	2.75	2.85	2.58
21	4.58	5.85	5.92	5.15	3.85	3.63	4.95	7.35	4.08	2.70	3.15	2.58
28	4.58	5.85	5.92	5.15	3.88	3.58	4.95	7.31	4.18	2.70	--	2.58
Jan. 4	4.58	5.85	5.85	5.15	3.95	3.55	4.97	7.15	4.10	2.70	3.30	2.58
11	4.58	5.78	5.85	5.15	3.98	3.55	5.14	7.08	3.95	2.70	3.30	2.50
18	4.56	5.72	5.85	5.15	4.01	3.55	5.07	7.02	3.78	2.70	3.15	2.50
25	4.55	5.66	5.78	5.08	4.00	3.55	5.00	6.90	3.95	2.70	3.10	2.62

New York compiled from The Producers Price Current; f.o.b. quotations from reports of the Agricultural Marketing Service. 1/ Prices are for Wednesday of week shown.

Beans, dry edible: F.o.b. price per 100 pounds, rail,  
California, 1939-41 <sup>1/</sup>

Period	Bayo		Blackeye		Cranberry		Kidney 2/		Lima (standard)	
	1939	1940	1939	1940	1939	1940	1939	1940	1939	1940
	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.
Month										
Sept.	4.81	6.38	4.64	2.96	4.21	2.66	5.46	4.88	5.34	4.21
Oct.	6.37	6.33	4.52	2.86	3.40	4.03	5.31	5.96	5.40	4.17
Nov.	6.65	6.25	4.29	2.72	3.15	5.46	5.28	8.12	5.03	4.16
Dec.	6.65	6.21	4.37	2.50	3.01	5.52	5.33	8.25	4.71	4.07
Week										
Dec. 4:	6.65	6.25	4.26	2.50	2.95	5.50	5.28	8.25	4.75	4.10
11:	6.65	6.20	4.30	2.50	2.95	5.50	5.25	8.25	4.70	4.08
18:	6.65	6.20	4.45	2.50	3.05	5.55	5.40	8.25	4.69	4.05
25:	6.65	6.20	4.47	2.50	3.08	5.55	5.40	8.25	4.70	4.05
	1940	1941	1940	1941	1940	1941	1940	1941	1940	1941
Jan. 2:	6.65	6.20	4.58	2.48	3.18	5.52	5.50	8.25	4.74	4.02
8:	6.65	6.15	4.70	2.50	3.15	5.45	5.53	8.25	4.74	4.03
15:	6.65	6.15	4.69	2.55	3.25	5.45	5.55	8.25	4.74	4.10
22:	6.65	6.20	4.73	2.52	3.25	5.40	5.62	8.25	4.74	4.08
	Lima		Pink		Pinto		Red		White	
	(baby)		King City						(small)	
	1939	1940	1939	1940	1939	1940	1939	1940	1939	1940
	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.
Month										
Sept.	3.97	3.11	5.11	3.31	5.03	2.88	4.30	3.26	4.72	3.38
Oct.	3.44	3.00	5.00	3.06	4.04	2.72	3.83	2.94	4.10	3.42
Nov.	3.20	3.20	4.58	3.07	3.72	2.68	3.31	3.01	3.71	3.39
Dec.	3.18	3.24	4.51	2.91	3.79	2.47	3.19	3.10	3.71	3.28
Week										
Dec. 4:	3.15	3.22	4.50	2.95	3.68	2.55	3.15	3.12	3.70	3.30
11:	3.15	3.22	4.50	2.92	3.72	2.45	3.15	3.10	3.70	3.30
18:	3.20	3.25	4.52	2.90	3.88	2.45	3.22	3.10	3.72	3.28
25:	3.22	3.25	4.52	2.90	3.88	2.45	3.22	3.10	3.72	3.28
	1940	1941	1940	1941	1940	1941	1940	1941	1940	1941
Jan. 2:	3.25	3.25	4.52	2.90	3.90	2.45	3.25	3.08	3.82	3.28
8:	3.24	3.30	4.58	2.92	3.82	2.55	3.25	3.10	3.82	3.20
15:	3.24	3.38	4.58	2.95	3.65	2.56	3.25	3.10	3.80	3.20
22:	3.21	3.38	4.62	2.90	3.72	2.55	3.20	3.10	3.80	3.20

Compiled as follows: September 1939-January 22, 1940 from Federal State Market News Service "Bulletin No. 315", Sacramento; beginning March 1940 from Bean Market Review, weekly San Francisco.

1/ These prices are not strictly comparable with those published previously, inasmuch as the previous series included 10 cents for brokerage which has now been deducted.

2/ Excludes seed stock.



Truck crops: Unweighted average wholesale price at New York and Chicago for stock of generally good quality and condition (U. S. No. 1 when quoted) for week ended January 25, 1941 with comparisons

Commodity	Unit	Week ended						
		1940			1941			
		Jan.	Dec.		Jan.			
		27	21	28	4	11	18	25
		Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.
<b>New York</b>								
Anise, Calif. ....	L. A. crate	3.21	2.98	3.48	4.92	3.75	3.21	2.58
" Tex. ....	"	---	---	---	---	3.35	2.33	1.83
Artichokes, Calif. ....	Box	3.70	4.38	5.17	5.38	4.88	4.75	5.75
Beans, lima, Fla. ....	Bu.	4.25	3.15	3.05	2.60	2.38	3.94	3.62
" " Cuba ....	"	3.25	3.06	2.38	2.38	2.50	3.25	3.38
" snap, green, Fla. :	"	2.55	1.38	1.95	2.33	2.77	2.81	3.12
" " wax, " :	"	2.38	1.98	2.20	2.62	2.62	2.73	3.08
Beets, bunched, Tex. ....	$\frac{1}{2}$ crate	1.54	1.30	1.35	1.29	1.25	1.20	1.18
Broccoli, Ariz. ....	Pony crate	2.42	3.54	3.41	2.92	2.98	3.92	3.83
" Calif. ....	"	2.33	3.30	3.25	2.75	2.77	3.71	3.23
" Tex. ....	"	2.27	2.55	2.54	1.85	1.84	2.90	2.78
" Va. ....	"	---	2.76	2.91	2.40	2.29	2.92	---
" S. C. ....	Bu. crate	---	1.20	1.32	1.00	.91	1.17	---
Broccoli Rabe, Calif. ....	$\frac{1}{2}$ crate	---	1.39	1.46	1.75	2.19	2.44	2.30
" " N. & S. C. :	Bu. crate	1.33	1.03	1.27	1.28	1.72	1.58	1.62
" " Va. ....	" hamper	---	---	---	1.50	1.32	1.25	---
Brussel sprouts, Calif. ..	$\frac{1}{2}$ drum	2.48	2.08	2.18	2.06	2.00	2.03	2.21
Brussels (chicory) nearby:	Lb.	---	---	---	.42	.42	.42	.40
Cabbage, Danish, N. Y. ...	50-lb. sack	.63	.37	.36	.42	.49	.58	.58
" domestic Fla. ...	$1\frac{1}{2}$ bu. hamper	1.39	1.13	1.05	1.26	1.43	1.65	1.98
" " Tex. ...	$\frac{1}{2}$ crate	2.28	---	---	---	1.29	1.37	1.60
" " N. & S.C. :	$1\frac{1}{2}$ bu. hamper	---	1.10	.91	1.22	1.29	1.44	1.72
" Savoy, Fla. ....	" "	1.38	1.06	.79	.95	1.12	1.06	1.03
" " S. C. ....	" "	.95	---	---	.88	.96	.99	1.03
" Red, Fla. ....	" "	2.47	---	1.50	---	1.67	1.52	1.60
" " Tex. ....	$\frac{1}{2}$ crate	1.90	---	---	---	---	1.00	1.05
" " N. Y. ....	50-lb. sack	1.36	.57	.52	.55	.62	.68	.68
Carrots, bunched, Ariz. ..	L. A. crate	2.93	3.56	3.70	3.85	3.77	3.48	3.25
" " Calif. :	"	2.96	3.56	3.92	4.02	3.71	3.31	3.10
" " Tex. ...	$\frac{1}{2}$ crate	1.42	---	---	1.64	1.51	1.57	1.54
" topped, N. Y. ...	Bu.	.99	.72	.65	.76	.75	.81	.88
" " Pa. ....	"	.96	.58	.58	.56	.56	.52	.55
Cauliflower, Ariz. ....	Pony crate	1.78	2.09	2.01	1.72	1.48	1.44	1.47
" Calif. ....	"	1.60	1.83	1.88	1.51	1.26	1.23	1.34
Celery, Pascal, Calif. ...	$\frac{1}{2}$ crate	2.06	2.43	2.25	2.25	2.22	2.32	2.44
" Golden Heart, Calif. :	"	2.23	2.75	2.74	2.44	3.01	2.69	2.67
" " Fla. :	16-in. crate	2.43	2.62	2.68	2.10	1.94	1.80	2.02
" " " :	Standard crate	2.46	---	---	---	---	2.03	2.25
Celery cabbage, La. ....	crate	---	---	---	---	1.10	1.00	---
" " nearby ..	Lettuce crate	.75	.61	.63	.70	.77	.81	.80
Chicoria, S. C. ....	Bu.	---	---	---	1.75	1.75	1.80	1.29
Collards, Va. ....	"	1.30	.37	.41	.38	.35	.35	.33
Cucumbers, Cuba ....	"	3.29	3.50	3.06	3.31	3.94	4.83	5.17
" hothouse, Ind. :	Doz.	---	---	1.38	1.41	1.39	1.48	1.39
Dandelions, Tex. ....	$\frac{1}{2}$ crate	1.40	1.07	1.13	1.26	1.22	1.21	1.08

Continued -

Truck crops: Unweighted average wholesale price at New York and Chicago for stock of generally good quality and condition (U. S. No. 1 when quoted) for week ended January 25, 1941 with comparisons - Cont'd

Commodity	Unit	Week ended							
		1940				1941			
		Jan. 27	Jan. 21	Dec. 28	Dec. 4	Jan. 11	Jan. 18	Jan. 25	
		Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	
New York - Cont'd									
Dandelions, S. C. ....	Bu.	---	---	---	1.20	.97	1.08	1.02	
Dill, Tex. ....	$\frac{1}{2}$ crate	1.40	1.12	1.30	1.31	1.24	1.26	1.25	
Eggplant, Fla. ....	$1\frac{1}{2}$ bu. crate	2.00	2.44	2.38	1.92	1.73	2.33	2.38	
" Cuba ....	"	3.04	2.50	2.62	2.25	2.03	2.45	2.92	
Endive, Ariz. ....	L. A. crate	3.28	---	2.75	2.52	2.96	3.10	2.79	
" Calif. ....	"	3.30	2.83	2.70	2.58	2.91	3.17	2.58	
" Tex. ....	$\frac{1}{2}$ crate	1.29	1.21	1.11	1.09	1.09	1.25	1.22	
" Fla. ....	$1\frac{1}{2}$ bu. hamper	1.75	---	---	1.25	1.18	1.67	1.38	
Escarole, Fla. ....	"	1.03	1.09	1.26	1.54	1.57	2.22	2.16	
Garlic, Calif. ....	Lb.	.03	.16	.16	.16	.16	.19	.20	
" Mexico ....	"	---	.15	.15	.15	.14	.15	.15	
Hanover Salad, Va. ....	Bu.	.56	.43	.47	.55	.46	.48	.44	
Kale, Va. ....	"	.73	.38	.42	.37	.35	.36	.32	
Kohlrabi, N. & S. C. ....	"	---	1.31	1.18	1.12	1.03	1.12	1.03	
" Tex. ....	$\frac{1}{2}$ crate	---	---	---	---	2.00	1.84	1.38	
Leeks, nearby ....	Bu.	1.13	.88	.77	.86	1.09	1.19	1.10	
Lettuce, iceberg, Ariz. .	L. A. crate	2.73	3.29	2.78	2.50	3.05	3.77	3.65	
" " Calif. .	"	2.79	3.38	2.94	2.65	3.30	3.79	3.67	
" Big Boston, Fla. .	2 doz. crate	1.36	2.18	1.30	1.44	---	3.00	---	
Mushrooms, N. Y. & Pa. .	3-lb. basket	.45	.45	.52	.46	.49	.47	.50	
Mustard greens, N. C. ....	Bu.	---	---	---	1.00	1.25	1.03	---	
Okra, Cuba ....	Crate	4.00	3.18	2.83	2.56	2.33	3.25	3.83	
Onions, yellow, N. Y. ....	50-lb. sack	.98	.80	.84	.85	.86	.84	.88	
" red " ....	"	.91	.85	.93	.90	.91	.94	.93	
" Sweet Spanish ....	"	1.18	1.55	1.62	1.76	1.73	1.72	1.72	
Parsley, Tex. ....	$\frac{1}{2}$ crate	1.50	1.14	1.26	1.29	1.21	1.19	1.13	
Parsley root, Tex. ....	Pony crate	---	---	---	2.00	2.92	2.30	2.04	
Parsnips, Pa. ....	$\frac{1}{2}$ bu.	.42	.32	.29	.28	.29	.30	.29	
Peas, Calif. ....	Bu.	3.15	3.26	3.34	3.66	4.15	5.25	5.50	
" Fla. ....	"	2.24	2.52	2.28	2.42	3.22	3.94	4.00	
" Tex. ....	"	2.39	2.38	2.33	2.27	3.25	3.92	3.99	
" Mexico ....	"	---	---	---	---	---	4.75	4.83	
Peppers, green, sweet, Fla.	$1\frac{1}{2}$ bu. hamper	2.42	3.10	3.65	3.65	3.10	3.58	3.69	
" " Cuba:	"	2.35	2.69	3.00	3.62	2.46	3.41	3.25	
" hot, Fla. ....	"	2.15	2.07	1.75	1.84	1.77	1.92	1.92	
" red, sweet, Fla. .	"	2.18	2.60	3.00	3.44	2.48	2.96	2.96	
Radishes, S. C. ....	Bu. crate	1.25	1.04	1.73	1.32	2.56	2.72	1.88	
" Tex. ....	" "	---	.94	1.44	---	---	2.38	---	
Rhubarb, Calif. ....	20-lb. box	1.02	1.24	1.00	.92	1.03	1.02	1.24	
" hothouse, Mich. .	5-lb. "	.43	.97	.64	.40	.47	.44	.37	
Rutabagas, plain, Canada .	50-lb. sack	.61	.58	.58	.58	.59	.58	.61	
" waxed " .	"	.68	.68	.70	.69	.69	.68	.71	
Shallots, La. ....	Crate, 8 doz.	3.98	3.38	3.70	4.00	3.56	3.38	3.38	
Spinach, Tex. ....	Bu.	1.44	.84	.83	.90	.90	.98	1.09	
Squash, Hubbard, N. Y. ....	$1\frac{1}{2}$ bu. hamper	1.12	1.17	1.31	1.67	1.80	2.12	1.97	
" yellow, Fla. ....	Bu.	2.19	2.23	2.15	2.20	2.98	4.12	4.38	

Continued -



Truck crops: Unweighted average wholesale price at New York and Chicago for stock of generally good quality and condition (U. S. No. 1 when quoted) for week ended January 25, 1941 with comparisons - Cont'd

Commodity	Unit	Week ended						
		1940		1941				
		Jan.	Dec.	Jan.				
		27	21	23	4	11	18	25
		Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.
<u>New York - Cont'd</u>								
Squash, white, Fla. ....	Bu.	1.40	1.77	1.68	1.48	2.00	2.69	3.50
" green, " ....	"	2.30	1.17	1.05	1.38	1.38	2.44	---
Tomatoes, Fla. ....	Lug	---	1.99	1.88	---	---	3.62	3.00
" Mexico ....	"	4.00	---	---	---	---	4.38	3.25
" Cuba 1/ ....	"	2.90	2.20	1.95	2.50	3.15	3.48	---
Turnips, nearby ....	Bu.	.33	.50	.50	.46	.55	.45	.51
Turnip tops, Va. ....	"	---	.35	.34	.38	.34	.34	.32
<u>Chicago</u>								
Anise, Calif. ....	L. A. crate	1.75	2.65	3.00	---	2.75	2.50	1.98
Artichokes, Calif. ....	Box	2.62	4.25	4.12	4.17	4.09	4.08	---
Beans, lima, Fla. ....	Bu.	3.50	3.20	2.66	3.25	3.25	3.75	4.25
Beans, snap, green, Fla. :	"	2.82	1.50	2.14	2.50	2.92	3.10	3.84
" " wax, " :	"	2.72	2.20	2.71	2.88	3.01	3.38	4.12
Beets, bunched, Texas ....	1/2 crate	1.49	1.13	1.25	1.20	1.02	.98	1.04
" topped, Ill. ....	Bu.	1.00	.58	.58	.58	.58	.62	.65
Broccoli, Calif. ....	Pony crate	2.33	2.68	2.81	2.45	2.18	2.56	2.62
Brussel sprouts, Calif. ..	1/2 drum	2.48	1.70	1.90	1.66	1.69	2.10	2.25
Cabbage, Danish, N. Y. ....	50-lb. sack	.76	.52	.52	.52	.58	.71	.74
" " Wis. ....	"	---	.48	.48	.52	.59	.69	.74
" domestic, Ariz. :	L. A. crate	2.32	2.09	2.19	2.52	2.24	2.50	2.75
" " Fla. : 1 1/2 bu. hamper :		1.36	---	---	---	1.50	1.71	1.74
" " S. C. :	"	1.25	1.26	1.02	1.18	1.13	1.42	---
" " Tex. : L. A. crate :		2.33	1.98	2.18	2.49	2.19	2.54	2.58
" " Calif. :	"	---	---	---	---	---	2.69	2.73
" pointed, S. C. : 1 1/2 bu. hamper :		1.22	1.34	1.32	1.30	1.23	1.25	---
" red, N. Y. ....	"	---	.75	.75	.73	.73	.75	.79
" " Tex. ....	1/2 crate	---	---	---	---	1.40	1.38	---
" " Fla. ....	1 1/2 bu. hamper	---	---	---	2.00	1.74	1.60	---
Carrots, bunched, Ariz. :	L. A. crate	2.56	---	---	3.82	3.20	2.98	2.67
" " Calif. :	"	2.50	2.96	3.41	3.86	3.20	3.08	2.83
" " Tex. ....	"	2.50	1.88	2.48	3.06	2.33	---	---
" topped, Ill. ....	Bu.	.70	.47	.42	.46	.46	.46	.44
Cauliflower, Ariz. ....	Pony crate	---	---	---	1.22	1.24	1.24	1.35
" Calif. ....	"	1.42	1.53	1.52	1.39	1.22	1.18	1.24
Celery, Golden Heart, Calif. :	1/2 crate	2.16	2.54	2.44	2.44	2.65	2.62	2.48
" " Fla. : 16-in. crate :		2.92	2.62	2.60	2.44	2.16	2.20	2.36
" Pascal, Calif. ....	1/2 crate	1.88	2.03	2.11	2.21	2.36	2.28	2.25
" Mich. ....	Sq. crate	1.03	.74	.56	.65	.66	.61	.52
Celery cabbage, Mich. ....	Lug	---	---	.45	.44	.46	.44	.44
Collards, Ga. ....	1/2 crate	1.24	---	---	1.25	1.12	1.00	1.22
" La. ....	Bu.	1.00	.94	.94	1.02	.91	.88	.85
" Va. ....	"	.78	.72	.71	.72	.64	.60	.60
" Tex. ....	"	---	---	---	---	.98	.75	---
Cucumbers, Fla. ....	"	---	5.75	5.44	5.25	5.25	5.45	5.25
" hothouse, mid- :								
" western, fancy :	Doz.	1.25	---	1.68	1.40	1.40	1.40	1.50

Continued -



Truck crops: Unweighted average wholesale price at New York and Chicago for stock of generally good quality and condition (U. S. No. 1 when quoted) for week ended January 25, 1941 with comparisons - Cont'd

Commodity	Unit	Week ended							
		1940				1941			
		Jan. : 27	Dec. : 21	Dec. : 28	Dec. : 4	Jan. : 11	Jan. : 18	Jan. : 25	Jan. : 25
		Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.
<u>Chicago - Cont'd</u>									
Dandelions, Tex. ....	½ crate	1.24	.90	.96	1.11	1.08	.91	.98	
Eggplant, Fla. ....	1½ bu. crate	2.75	3.30	2.56	2.83	2.78	2.75	3.50	
Endive, Ariz. ....	L. A. crate	---	---	---	---	---	2.78	2.65	
" Calif. ....	"	2.85	2.45	2.21	2.21	2.52	2.78	2.52	
" Tex. ....	½ crate	1.25	.78	.66	.75	.79	.91	---	
Escarole, Fla. ....	1½ bu. hamper	1.17	1.20	1.18	1.38	1.94	1.82	2.40	
" Tex. ....	Bu.	---	.73	---	---	---	1.01	1.12	
Garlic, Calif. ....	50-lb. sack	3.62	9.25	9.25	9.25	9.25	9.25	9.25	
Horseradish, Ill. ....	Bunch	.45	.46	.42	.42	.42	.42	.45	
Kale, Va. ....	Bu.	.85	.60	.58	.60	.62	.57	.57	
Leeks, Mich. ....	Crate	---	1.08	1.04	1.50	1.49	1.26	1.31	
Lettuce, iceberg, Ariz. :	L. A. crate	2.60	2.70	2.29	2.48	2.98	3.44	3.29	
" " Calif. :	"	2.66	2.72	2.43	2.33	2.99	3.42	3.27	
Mushrooms, midwestern ...	Lb.	.26	.22	.26	.24	.24	.25	.25	
Mustard greens, Ga. ....	Bu.	---	---	---	1.42	.92	.72	.84	
" " La. ....	"	1.38	.83	.92	1.44	1.06	.90	---	
" " Tex. ....	"	---	.93	.81	1.33	.95	.61	.80	
Okra, Cuba ....	Crate	4.00	4.10	4.12	---	5.50	5.35	5.25	
Onions, yellow, midwestern :	50-lb. sack	.76	.61	.60	.72	.74	.74	.74	
" white, " :	"	1.22	1.02	1.12	---	1.08	1.16	1.20	
" Sweet Spanish, Colo. :	"	.80	1.29	1.27	1.23	1.35	1.39	1.38	
Parsley, La. ....	Bu.	1.66	---	1.07	1.29	.98	.92	.94	
" Tex. ....	½ crate	1.82	1.29	1.19	1.36	1.14	1.06	.94	
Parsnips, Ill. ....	Bu.	.79	.45	.39	.32	.36	.42	.37	
Peas, Calif. ....	"	2.58	2.84	2.84	3.46	4.02	4.78	5.00	
Peppers, green, sweet, Fla. :	1½ bu. crate	3.72	3.75	3.50	4.12	3.65	3.44	4.30	
" Mexico ....	"	---	---	4.25	4.25	4.05	4.38	---	
" hot, Fla. ....	"	---	---	---	---	---	1.84	1.69	
Radishes, Tex. ....	Crate	2.08	1.07	1.72	2.16	1.95	1.95	2.18	
Rhubarb, Calif. ....	20-lb. box	1.00	.96	1.00	---	.95	.94	.88	
" hothouse, Mich. :	5-lb. "	.33	---	.52	.37	.34	.32	.29	
Rutabagas, Canada ....	50-lb. sack	.65	.64	.64	.64	.64	.64	.63	
Shallots, La. ....	8-doz. crate	---	3.18	3.46	4.42	3.30	2.72	3.28	
Spinach, Tex. ....	Bu.	1.55	.76	.78	.68	.83	.85	.79	
Tomatoes, Fla. ....	Lug.	1.25	1.99	2.12	2.47	2.80	3.10	---	
" Mexico ....	"	3.00	1.98	---	---	3.10	3.35	3.26	
" hothouse, mid- :									
western ....	8-lb. basket	1.52	1.08	1.18	1.08	1.28	1.41	1.50	
Turnips, Ill. ....	Bu.	.76	.60	.61	.58	.57	.58	.71	
" La. ....	"	1.43	.98	.96	1.25	1.16	1.14	1.18	
" Ga. ....	½ crate	1.75	---	---	1.53	1.23	1.21	---	
" Tex. ....	L. A. crate	---	1.49	1.19	1.50	1.64	1.61	1.75	
Turnip tops, Ga. ....	Bu.	---	---	---	1.08	.88	.80	.99	
" " Tenn. ....	"	---	1.71	1.75	1.79	1.48	---	1.92	

Compiled from reports of the Agricultural Marketing Service.

1/ Weighted average auction price.

Cabbage (late Danish or storage crop): Production and January 1  
stocks by regions, crops of 1928-40

Crop of:	Production				January 1 stocks 1/			
	2	5	1		2	5	1	
	Eastern	Central	Western	Total	Eastern	Central	Western	Total
	States	States	State		States	States	State	
	Short	Short	Short	Short	Short	Short	Short	Short
	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons
1928	145,000	95,500	23,400	263,900	45,840	22,480	820	69,140
1929	164,200	76,600	22,800	263,600	40,400	15,790	460	56,650
1930	167,200	97,300	29,700	294,700	44,280	16,870	890	62,040
1931	197,600	52,800	19,800	270,200	53,820	7,270	400	61,490
1932	201,600	74,900	26,300	302,800	64,890	18,100	260	83,250
1933	153,700	51,000	26,700	231,400	28,790	6,810	270	35,870
1934	285,200	99,000	22,400	406,600	69,840	17,620	450	87,910
1935	179,300	77,400	32,500	289,200	60,480	17,380	320	78,180
1936	188,400	53,600	24,900	266,900	42,000	7,520	---	49,520
1937	151,400	48,600	32,600	232,600	26,260	5,180	100	31,540
1938	255,400	75,900	39,000	370,300	67,620	11,890	390	79,900
Average								
1929-38	194,400	70,760	27,670	292,830	49,838	12,443	354	62,635
1939	157,000	51,500	31,900	240,400	36,650	5,050	---	41,700
1940	201,200	64,900	28,700	294,800	51,470	9,060	---	60,530

Compiled from reports of the Agricultural Marketing Service.

1/ Stocks as of January 1 the following year.

Vegetables, frozen: Cold storage holdings, January 1, 1941,  
with comparisons

Commodity	1939	1940	1940	1941
	Dec. 1	Jan. 1	Dec. 1	Jan. 1
	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.
Asparagus .....	6,544	7,044	6,430	6,188
Beans, lima .....	15,935	14,666	14,179	13,046
Beans, snap .....	6,863	6,567	6,867	6,519
Broccoli, green .....	1,726	1,767	2,249	2,153
Corn, sweet .....	6,973	6,676	5,920	5,665
Peas, green .....	24,026	21,945	30,843	28,636
Spinach .....	6,412	6,238	5,519	5,130
Other vegetables .....	3,176	2,866	6,074	6,163
Classification not reported ....	4,387	4,658	6,074	4,826
Total .....	76,042	72,427	84,155	78,326

Compiled from reports of the Agricultural Marketing Service.

Onions: Production, January 1 stocks, and disappearance to  
January 1 in 17 late States, 1932-40 1/

Crop of	: Jan. 1 stocks 2/ :			: Disappearance to January 1			
	: Produc-	: As a per-	: :	: Carlots	: By motor-	: Shrinkage,	
	: tion	: Quantity:	: centage of:	: Total	: by rail	: truck and	: waste,
	: :	: production:	: :	: and boat	: local sales:	: etc.	
	: 1,000	1,000		1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
	: sacks	sacks	Percent	sacks	sacks	sacks	sacks
1932 .....	11,431	3,958	34.6	7,473	3,353	2,541	1,579
1933 .....	9,246	3,005	32.5	6,241	3,528	2,236	477
1934 .....	9,310	2,921	31.4	6,389	3,817	2,013	559
1935 .....	10,172	3,376	33.2	6,796	3,542	2,059	1,195
1936 .....	11,734	3,662	31.2	8,072	3,440	3,639	993
1937 .....	10,499	3,115	29.7	7,384	4,144	2,294	946
1938 .....	11,265	3,419	30.4	7,846	3,294	3,033	1,519
1939 .....	13,964	4,120	29.5	9,844	3,242	4,738	1,864
1940 .....	12,285	3,937	32.0	8,348	2,623	4,231	1,494

Compiled from reports of the Agricultural Marketing Service.

1/ Sacks containing 100 lb.

2/ Stocks as of January 1 of the following year.

Onions: Production, and January 1 stocks by regions 1928-40

Crop of	: Production 1/ :				: January 1 stocks 2/ :			
	: 3	: 7	: 7	:	: 3	: 7	: 7	:
	: Eastern	: Central:	: Western	: Total	: Eastern	: Central:	: Western	: Total
	: States	: States:	: States	:	: States	: States:	: States	:
	: 1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
	: sacks	sacks	sacks	sacks	sacks	sacks	sacks	sacks
1928 .....	1,250	3,459	2,801	7,510	304	1,046	572	1,922
1929 .....	2,561	4,342	3,536	10,439	486	1,406	1,305	3,197
1930 .....	2,744	5,404	3,256	11,404	594	1,815	961	3,370
1931 .....	2,188	2,601	2,613	7,402	331	805	580	1,766
1932 .....	2,855	5,218	3,358	11,431	861	1,912	1,185	3,958
1933 .....	2,752	3,692	2,802	9,246	804	1,288	913	3,005
1934 .....	3,338	3,094	2,878	9,310	920	1,197	304	2,921
1935 .....	3,101	3,560	3,511	10,172	773	1,404	1,199	3,376
1936 .....	4,237	4,431	3,066	11,734	1,149	1,426	1,087	3,662
1937 .....	3,283	3,328	3,888	10,499	823	1,005	1,287	3,115
1938 .....	3,761	3,422	4,082	11,265	760	1,175	1,484	3,419
Av. 1929-38..	3,082	3,909	3,299	10,290	755	1,343	1,081	3,179
1939 .....	4,523	3,917	5,524	13,964	1,138	1,059	1,923	4,120
1940 .....	4,598	3,968	3,719	12,285	1,300	1,471	1,166	3,937

Compiled from reports of the Agricultural Marketing Service.

1/ Sacks containing 100 lb.

2/ Stocks as of January 1 of the following year.



Beans, snap: Acreage, yield per acre, production and price to grower, 1932-40

Marketing season beginning August 1	Acreage		Average yield per acre	Production	Average price per ton to grower
	Planted	Harvested			
	Acres	Acres	Tons	Tons	Dollars
1932	31,480	31,460	1.40	43,900	37.97
1933	42,690	40,770	1.48	60,200	38.59
1934	47,860	45,100	1.47	66,100	41.41
1935	51,730	49,590	1.64	81,500	43.06
1936	57,570	50,180	1.52	76,500	44.46
1937	69,780	63,120	1.67	105,300	47.30
1938	76,010	73,570	1.75	128,400	44.84
1939	54,860	52,910	1.78	94,100	42.27
1940	58,640	54,730	1.84	100,600	42.82

Compiled from reports of the Agricultural Marketing Service.

Beans, snap: Carry-over, pack, supply, disappearance and price at canneries 1932-40

Marketing season beginning August 1	Carry-over	Pack	Total supply	Disappearance	Average price per dozen No. 2 cans	
					Baltimore, Md.	Green : Wax
	1,000 cases	1,000 cases	1,000 cases	1,000 cases	Cents	Cents
1932	1,400	4,024	5,424	4,724	60.1	66.2
1933	700	5,532	6,232	5,532	69.3	85.0
1934	700	6,300	7,000	6,620	72.1	80.6
1935	380	7,161	7,541	7,381	69.0	71.4
1936	160	6,629	6,789	6,759	82.6	91.0
1937	30	10,052	10,082	9,382	62.8	82.5
1938	700	10,915	11,615	9,915	55.2	62.6
1939	1,700	8,487	10,187	9,687	61.2	65.6
1940	500	9,375	10,175		1/ 64.0	1/ 67.7

1/ Average August-December.

Sweet corn: Acreage, yield per acre, production and price to grower 1932-40

Marketing season beginning August 1	Acreage		Average yield per acre	Production	Average price per ton to grower
	Planted	Harvested			
	Acres	Acres	Tons	Tons	Dollars
1932	166,750	165,130	2.34	387,200	7.50
1933	208,440	199,670	1.97	394,300	8.01
1934	323,590	287,630	1.73	498,000	8.46
1935	418,990	401,610	2.14	859,900	9.31
1936	443,720	372,420	1.63	607,500	10.21
1937	461,850	438,310	2.23	978,100	11.56
1938	361,170	345,160	2.56	882,800	9.98
1939	254,460	248,260	2.66	661,100	8.40
1940	326,510	312,530	2.32	725,600	8.81

Compiled from reports of the Agricultural Marketing Service.

Sweet corn: Carry-over, pack, supply, disappearance,  
and price at canneries 1932-40

Marketing season be- ginning Aug.1:	Carry- over	Pack	Total supply	Disap- pearance	Average price per dozen No. 2 cans Midwestern factories
	1,000 cases	1,000 cases	1,000 cases	1,000 cases	Cents
1932	7,300	9,358	16,658	14,158	57.4
1933	2,500	10,193	12,693	11,593	75.8
1934	1,300	11,268	12,568	12,333	99.8
1935	180	21,471	21,651	20,821	69.4
1936	830	14,621	15,451	14,673	96.0
1937	778	23,541	24,319	19,675	67.6
1938	4,644	20,470	25,114	17,763	61.4
1939	7,351	14,567	21,918	19,025	66.0
1940	2,893	15,485	18,378		1/ 68.6

1/ Average August-December.

Green peas: Acreage, yield per acre, production  
and price to growers, 1932-40

Marketing season be- ginning May 1:	Acreage		Average yield	Produc- tion	Average price per ton to grower
	Planted	Harvested	per acre	Tons	Dollars
	Acres	Acres	Pounds		
1932	207,750	187,800	1,245	116,930	43.92
1933	228,300	217,430	1,260	136,980	42.48
1934	280,390	249,870	1,324	165,370	50.09
1935	341,360	315,040	1,702	268,100	51.80
1936	337,500	296,850	1,264	187,670	51.57
1937	354,420	334,820	1,602	268,110	52.72
1938	334,920	322,360	1,877	302,540	52.77
1939	259,710	252,430	1,570	198,110	47.25
1940	338,850	330,130	1,855	306,120	47.56

Compiled from reports of the Agricultural Marketing Service.

Green peas: Carry-over, pack, supply, disappearance and  
price at canneries, 1932-40

Marketing season be- ginning May 1:	Carry- over	Pack	Total supply	Disap- pearance	Average price per dozen No. 2 cans Midwestern factories
	1,000 cases	1,000 cases	1,000 cases	1,000 cases	Cents
1932	4,600	10,366	14,966	12,466	91.2
1933	2,500	12,893	15,393	14,493	111.0
1934	900	15,742	16,642	15,842	116.0
1935	800	24,699	25,499	20,599	80.3
1936	4,900	16,553	21,453	18,653	91.4
1937	2,800	23,467	26,267	20,367	77.2
1938	5,900	25,459	31,359	21,959	67.8
1939	9,400	16,074	25,474	21,847	83.8
1940	3,627	25,114	28,741		1/ 79.8

1/ Average May-December.

Tomatoes: Acreage, yield per acre, production  
and price to grower, 1932-40

Marketing season be- ginning Aug.1:	Acreage		Average yield per acre	Produc- tion	Average price per ton to grower
	Planted	Harvested			
	<u>Acres</u>	<u>Acres</u>	<u>Tons</u>	<u>Tons</u>	<u>Dollars</u>
1932	---	280,510	4.23	1,199,300	10.08
1933	296,250	280,150	3.86	1,081,300	11.39
1934	435,620	368,660	3.87	1,425,700	12.03
1935	510,150	471,730	3.60	1,700,200	11.73
1936	477,100	419,070	4.74	1,987,500	12.59
1937	473,200	451,000	4.27	1,926,300	13.11
1938	410,160	392,350	4.44	1,742,600	12.41
1939	371,750	358,260	5.58	1,999,900	12.14
1940	396,570	385,930	5.39	2,080,100	11.73

Compiled from reports of Agricultural Marketing Service.

Tomatoes: Carry-over, pack, supply, disappearance  
and price at canneries, 1932-40

Marketing season be- ginning Aug.1:	Carry- over	Pack	Total supply	Disap- pearance	Net imports	Average price per dozen No. 2 cans f.o.b. Indiana
	<u>cases</u>	<u>cases</u>	<u>cases</u>	<u>cases</u>	<u>cases</u>	<u>Cents</u>
1932	3,380	20,367	23,747	21,947	2,458	66.4
1933	1,800	20,461	22,261	21,391	2,725	85.3
1934	870	22,376	23,246	21,916	2,501	84.6
1935	1,330	26,985	28,315	26,885	2,525	70.0
1936	1,430	24,209	25,639	23,689	1,976	74.0
1937	1,950	26,077	28,027	24,827	1,903	67.5
1938	3,200	22,960	26,160	23,360	2,392	64.6
1939	2,800	24,209	27,009	24,809	834	64.6
1940	2,200	29,104	31,304			1/ 64.6

1/ Average August-December.



Truck crops and potatoes: Carlot (rail and boat) shipments from  
originating points in the United States for the week ended  
January 25, 1941, with comparisons

Commodity	Week ended						
	1940			1941			
	Jan.	Dec.		Jan.			
	27	21	28	4	11	18	25
	Cars	Cars	Cars	Cars	Cars	Cars	Cars
Beans, snap and lima .....	104	151	63	118	112	59	90
Beets .....	2	17	22	27	24	28	27
Broccoli .....	25	72	59	57	43	36	47
Cabbages, old crop .....	139	151	154	184	286	261	253
"    new " .....	427	117	95	224	191	236	305
Carrots, old " .....	16	3	6	15	18	16	11
"    new " .....	429	101	142	284	295	296	207
Cauliflower .....	174	193	297	268	265	265	189
Celery, old crop .....	---	32	4	4	2	1	---
"    new " .....	489	407	344	731	736	510	489
Cucumbers .....	---	2	2	2	2	---	---
Eggplant .....	---	---	2	2	---	---	---
Escarole .....	49	26	18	38	21	15	24
Greens, except spinach .....	33	87	58	106	93	74	67
Lettuce and romaine .....	901	1,525	881	750	852	1,194	1,300
Mixed vegetables .....	552	501	539	791	735	807	698
Onions .....	600	275	252	350	474	446	406
Peas, old crop .....	---	7	2	2	---	---	---
"    new " .....	82	27	15	19	11	12	15
Peppers, old crop .....	---	2	2	2	---	---	---
"    new " .....	35	17	8	25	16	18	12
Spinach .....	89	181	189	246	289	228	275
Sweetpotatoes .....	93	171	160	143	145	114	113
Tomatoes .....	42	184	59	98	95	118	77
Turnips and rutabagas .....	14	6	5	4	13	8	10
Total .....	4,295	4,255	3,378	4,490	4,778	4,742	4,615
Potatoes, total .....	3,944	2,733	2,142	2,853	3,920	4,267	3,840
Early States (1941 crop) ..	37	40	9	34	55	76	105
Intermediate States .....	12	6	1	1	3	13	3
Late States .....	3,895	2,687	2,132	2,818	3,862	4,178	3,732
Total above .....	8,239	6,988	5,520	7,343	8,698	9,009	8,455
Relief .....							
Cabbage .....	---	56	45	56	4	---	---
Carrots .....	---	---	---	---	---	1	---
Onions .....	67	---	---	---	---	---	---
Potatoes .....	---	46	27	7	12	27	41
Imports .....							
Beans, snap and lima .....	2	7	13	6	8	6	2
Cucumbers .....	10	21	15	11	10	12	8
Eggplant .....	6	8	8	8	10	13	10
Mixed vegetables .....	1	---	---	1	---	---	---
Peas .....	11	1	2	1	10	9	22
Peppers .....	20	10	14	15	28	16	23
Potatoes .....	3	1	1	3	3	1	1
Tomatoes .....	132	121	153	86	229	206	223
Turnips and rutabagas .....	73	73	82	64	76	71	89

Compiled from reports of the Agricultural Marketing Service.